MiFID (MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS) (NO 2) INSTRUMENT 2007

Powers exercised

- A. The Financial Services Authority makes this instrument in the exercise of the following powers and related provisions in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("the Act"):
 - (1) section 138 (General rule-making power);
 - (2) section 150(2) (Actions for damages);
 - (3) section 156 (General supplementary powers); and
 - (4) section 157(1) (Guidance).
- B. The rule-making powers listed above are specified for the purpose of section 153(2) (Rule-making instruments) of the Act.

Commencement

C. This instrument comes into force on 1 November 2007.

Amendments to the Handbook

D. The modules of the Handbook listed in column (1) below are amended in accordance with the Annexes to this instrument listed in column (2).

(1)	(2)
Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and	Annex A
Investment Firms (BIPRU)	
Interim Prudential sourcebook for Investment Businesses	Annex B
(IPRU(INV))	
Supervision manual (SUP)	Annex C

Citation

E. This instrument may be cited as the MiFID (Miscellaneous Amendments) (No 2) Instrument 2007.

Annex A

Amendments to the Prudential sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (BIPRU)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

...

- 1.1.16 R ...
 - (1) ...
 - (2) the only investment service for which it is authorised is it is only authorised to provide the service of investment advice and/or receiveing and transmitting orders from investors (as referred to in Section A of Annex I of MiFID) without in both cases holding money or securities belonging to its clients in relation to investment services it provides and which for that reason it may not at any time place itself in debt debit with those its clients.

. . .

Annex B

Amendments to the Interim Prudential sourcebook for Investment Businesses (IPRU(INV))

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text. Where an entire section of text is being deleted or inserted, the place where the change will be made is indicated and the text is not struck through or underlined.

Changes made to certain provisions by this Annex replace the changes made to the same provisions by Annexes A and B to the *Interim Prudential Sourcebook for Investment Businesses (Exempt CAD Firms) Instrument 2007* (FSA 2007/2).

Chapter	
1	
2	Authorised Professional Firms
3	Securities and Futures Firms which are not <u>MiFID</u> Investment Firms <u>or which are Exempt BIPRU Commodities Firms</u>
•••	
10	Securities and Futures Firms which are Investment Firms[deleted]
•••	
Chapter 1:	Application and General Provisions
1.1.1 G	Before 1 January 2007, the Interim Prudential Sourcebook for Investment Businesses (<i>IPRU(INV)</i>) was part of the <i>Handbook</i> that dealt with capital requirements for <i>investment firms</i> subject to the position risk requirements of the previous version of the <i>Capital Adequacy Directive</i> . Now, however, <i>investment firms</i> which are subject to the risk-based capital requirements of the <i>Capital Adequacy Directive</i> are subject to the General Prudential Sourcebook (<i>GENPRU</i>) and the Prudential Sourcebook for Banks, Building Societies and Investment Firms (<i>BIPRU</i>). However the <i>FSA</i> has not yet removed the parts of <i>IPRU(INV)</i> that deal with requirements for <i>firms</i> subject to risk-based capital requirements of the previous version of the Capital Adequacy Directive. Consequently, many provisions of <i>IPRU(INV)</i> will not

1.2 Application

Contents

apply to any firm. The FSA intends to remove these provisions in due course.

...

1.2.2 R (1) *IPRU(INV)* applies to:

. . .

- (g) the Society of Lloyd's (in relation to underwriting agents); and
- (h) [deleted]
- (i) a credit union which is a CTF provider:; and
- (j) an exempt CAD firm.

• • •

1.2.5 R Table

This table belongs to IPRU(INV) 1.2.4R

Authorised Pprofessional firm	Chapters 1 and 2
Securities and futures firm (which is not a MiFID investment firm)	Chapters 1 and 3
Securities and futures firm (which is an exempt BIPRU commodities firm)	Chapters 1 and 3
Securities and futures firm (which is an exempt CAD firm other than a firm which was subject to the requirements of Chapter 10 before 1 November 2007)	Chapters 1, 3 and 9
The Society of Lloyd's (in relation to underwriting agents) and members' advisers	Chapters 1 and 4
Investment management firm (which is not an exempt CAD firm)	Chapters 1 and 5
Investment management firm (which is a <u>A</u> n exempt CAD firm <u>or a local firm</u>)	Chapters 1, 5 and 9
Service company	Chapters 1 and 6
Securities and futures firm which is a MiFID investment firm and a local firm	Chapters 1 and 10
Securities and futures firm (which is an exempt CAD firm and was subject to the requirements of Chapter 10 before 1 November 2007)	Chapters 1, 9 and 10

Personal investment firm	Chapters 1 and 13
Credit union which is a CTF provider	Chapters 1 and 8

. . .

Chapter 2: <u>Authorised Pprofessional firms</u>

- 2.1 Application
- 2.1.1 R (1) ...
 - (2) The definitions in the *Glossary* annexed to the General Provisions Instrument 2001 (which is applicable to the *Handbook* generally) apply to this Chapter.
- 2.1.2 R (1) An *authorised professional firm* of a kind falling within (2) must comply with such of *IPRU(INV)* 3, 5, 9 10 or 13 which in accordance with *IPRU(INV)* 2.1.4R, most appropriately correlates to the type and scale of the business which it conducts.
 - (2) The type of *authorised professional firm* to which (1) applies is one:
 - (a) which is also an *ISD investment firm* exempt *CAD firm*;

...

. . .

(4) An *authorised professional firm* which, in accordance with (1), is required to comply with *IPRU(INV)* 3, 5, 9 10 or 13 must immediately give notification of that fact to the *FSA* in accordance with *SUP* 15.7 (Forms and methods of notification).

. . .

2.1.4 R This table belongs to *IPRU(INV)* 2.1.1R

TYP	E OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	CHAPTER OF SOURCEBOOK
(i)	managing investments other than for private customers; or	Investment management firm – IPRU(INV) 5
 (iii)	acting as the manager or trustee of an AUT; or [deleted]	Investment management firm (which is an exempt CAD firm) – IPRU(INV) 5 and 9
•••		
(i)	a regulated activity carried on as a	Securities and futures firm IPRU(INV) 10 (ISD firm);

	member of an exchange; or	or Securities and futures
(ii)	acting as a <i>market maker</i> in <i>securities</i> or <i>derivatives</i> ; or	<u>firm (which is an exempt</u> <u>CAD firm) - IPRU(INV) 9</u>
		Securities and futures firm
(iii)	corporate finance business; or	(which is not a MiFID
		<u>investment firm)</u> –
(iv)	dealing or arranging deals in securities or derivatives, other than interprofessional investments; or	IPRU(INV) 3 (non ISD firm)
(v)	the provision of clearing services as a <i>clearing firm</i> ; or	
(vi)	spread betting <u>;.</u>	

2.1.5 G An authorised professional firm will be an ISD investment firm MiFID investment firm if its business activities include the provision of a core investment serviceinvestment services and/or activities for a third party. An authorised professional firm will not however be an ISD investment firm a MiFID investment firm if it falls within one of the exclusions contained in paragraph 2 of Article 2 of the directive MiFID. Paragraph 2(c) of Article 2(1)(c) provides for an exclusion for an authorised professional firm which provides core investment service investment services and/or activities in an incidental manner in the course of a professional activity (provided and that activity is regulated by the firm's designated professional body).

..

Chapter Financial resources for Securities and Futures Firms which are not MiFID 3: Investment Firms or which are Exempt BIPRU Commodities Firms

. . .

- 3-1 R This chapter applies to a *securities and futures firm* which:
 - (a) is not a MiFID investment firm;
 - (b) is a securities and futures firm which is an exempt CAD firm and which was not subject to the requirements of chapter 10 before 1

 November 2007 is an exempt CAD firm that carries on any regulated activity other than MiFID business; or
 - (c) is an exempt BIPRU commodities firm.

• • •

3-6 G The financial and non-financial resources rules for an *exempt CAD firm* are set out in *IPRU(INV)* chapter 9. As such, rules 3-61 to 3-182 do not apply to an *exempt CAD firm* unless it carries on any *regulated activity* other than

MiFID business (see IPRU(INV) 9.2.3R). An exempt CAD firm remains subject to the non-financial resources rules (rule 3-10 to rule 3-41(9)) contained in this chapter.

. . .

3-10(2) R ...

(b) demonstrate whether or not the *firm* is or was at that time complying with its *financial resources requirement* or, in the case of an *exempt CAD firm*, its obligations under *IPRU(INV)* 9; and

...

...

3-73(4) R ...

G ...

G FSA would consider 10% of a firm's expenditure incurred on its behalf by third parties to be material for the purposes of 10.73(4)R.

. . .

Operational risks

3-79(2) ...

In assessing whether to impose a *requirement* on a *firm* to cover an unusual risk profile or operational risks, the *FSA* will consider various criteria. Relevant *guidance* can be found in sections 4 and 5 of Appendix 48 to IPRU(INV) 10. In addition, the *FSA* will take into account material group risks to a *firm*, where these have not been captured in a group financial resources test. Secondary requirements may be applied, for example, where there has been a major failure on the part of a *firm* to maintain adequate controls, as a means of providing an additional capital buffer whilst these problems are addressed.

...

3-173A R ...

(1)

(a)

(b) after notifying the FSA in writing, in accordance with rule 10-174.

. . .

APPENDIX 1 - GLOSSARY OF TERMS FOR IPRU(INV) 3

Amend the following definitions as shown:

investment

[delete the existing definition and replace with the following]

means a designated investment.

Delete the following definitions from Appendix 1; the text is not shown struck through
Act
authorised person
authorised unit trust scheme
body corporate
business day
clearing firm
clearing house
client money
close relative
closing date
collective investment scheme
contract for differences
controller
core investment service
debenture
derivative
designated investment exchange
director
EEA
EEA state
firm
FSA
future
geared futures and options fund

government & public securities
group
holding company
incoming EEA firm
internal controls
investment firm
ISA
local
marketable instrument
marketing group
money
OECD
operator
option
option OTC
•
OTC
OTC permission
OTC permission recognised investment exchange
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme Regulated Activities Order
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme Regulated Activities Order regulated collective scheme
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme Regulated Activities Order regulated collective scheme reporting accountant
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme Regulated Activities Order regulated collective scheme reporting accountant requirement
OTC permission recognised investment exchange recognised scheme Regulated Activities Order regulated collective scheme reporting accountant requirement security

Takeover Code

Takeover Panel

tender offer

unregulated collective investment scheme

venture capital business

venture capital firm

venture capital investment

warrant

...

Appendix 20

GUIDANCE NOTES ON RECONCILIATION OF FIRM'S BALANCES WITH A COUNTERPARTY WHICH IS A MEMBER OF AN EXCHANGE (rule-RULE 3-11(1) (d)) AND IPRU(INV) 9.6.1R (FOR AN EXEMPT CAD FIRM))

Introduction

The purpose of this guidance is to state how under rule 3-11(1)(d) and *IPRU(INV)* 9.6.1R (for an *exempt CAD firm*) the reconciliation process with counterparties which are also members of exchanges should be performed.

. . .

The obligation on firms

- Where a *firm* receives a statement from a counterparty during the year, the recipient *firm* is not also required by virtue of rule 3-11(1)(d) (or *IPRU(INV)* 9.6.1(1)R for an exempt CAD firm) to send a further statement to that counterparty in the same year.
- 10 ... Rule 3-11 (or *IPRU(INV)* 9.6.1R for an *exempt CAD firm*) only requires that specific balances be covered. ...
- Rule 3-11(3) (or *IPRU(INV)* 9.6.1(1)R(4) for an *exempt CAD firm*) requires a *firm* to respond, within one month of receipt, to a circularisation request received from another *firm*. The one month response period should also be observed in relation to circularisation requests received under rule 3-11(1)(d) (or *IPRU(INV)* 9.6.1(1)R for an *exempt CAD firm*).

...

Chapter 4: Lloyd's firms

• • •

4.2.4 G A *members' adviser* is not regulated by the *Society* and accordingly this chapter specifies the financial resource and accounting requirements to be met. *Firms* which fall within the scope of this chapter will be *firms* with *permission* only to advise persons on *syndicate* participation at Lloyd's. The nature of that advisory business is akin to corporate finance advice and so the applicable requirements are those in *IPRU(INV)* 3 relevant to *firms* giving corporate finance advice. *Firms* with other *permissions* will fall within the scope of other chapters of *IPRU(INV)*, *GENPRU*, *BIPRU* or *INSPRU*.

. . .

Interim Prudential Requirements for Former IMRO Firms

TABLE 5.1.1(1)(a)

CHAPTER 5: FINANCIAL RESOURCES

5.1.1 Application

. . .

- 5.1.1(1)(a) R This chapter applies to an *investment management firm*, other than an European investment firmincoming EEA firm or MiFID investment firm (unless it is an exempt CAD firm for the purpose of calculating its own funds and if it carries on any regulated activity other than MiFID business) as set out in Table 5.1.1(1)(a).
- (b) R This chapter does not apply to a European investment firm.[deleted]

Accounting	ng records rules			
to 5.3.1(6)	Yes No notification rul	 es		
5.5.1(1)	Yes	No	No	No
•••				
Note 3	rules 5.2.1(1) purpose of ca IPRU(INV) 9 Tier 1 capital the items in I regulated act 9.2.3R). An experience of the control of the interest of the control of	e set out in 2 to 5.2.7(5) alculating it 0.2.89R(2)(2 as set out 1 tivity other exempt CAL	nancial resources r IPRU(INV) chapter apply to an exemples own funds require a) (although the Cain Table 5.2.2(1) ar 9.3.1R) and if it cathan MiFID busine of firm remains subjecture 5.3.1(1) to re-	19. However, of CAD firm for the sement (see attegory A items of the replaced by all arries on any ass (see IPRU(INV) ject to the non-

APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 5

contained in this chapter.

•	•	٠	

5.2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENT

ADEQUACY OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES

• • •

- 5.2.1(3) R A firm's financial resources means:
 - (a) ...
 - (b) its *liquid capital*, if the *firm* is subject to a *liquid capital requirement* under paragraph (a) of rule 5.2.3(1); or.
 - (c) where the *firm* is an *ISD firm* subject to an *own funds requirement* and a *liquid capital requirement* under paragraph (b) of rule 5.2.3(1), it *own funds* and its *liquid capital*; or [deleted]
 - (d) where the *firm* is an *ISD firm* and a trustee of an *authorised unit trust* scheme subject to paragraph (c) of rule 5.2.3(1), its own funds or its lique capital. [deleted]

. . .

5.2.3 FINANCIAL RESOURCES REQUIREMENT

DETERMINATION OF REQUIREMENT

- 5.2.3(1)(a) R The financial resources requirement for a firm which is not an ISD firm is a liquid capital requirement, determined in accordance with paragraph (a) of rule 5.2.3(4), unless the firm falls within any of the exceptions in rule 5.2.3(2).
- (b) R The financial resources requirement for a firm which is an ISD firm is an own funds requirement determined in accordance with paragraph (b) of rule 5.2.3(3), and a liquid capital requirement calculated in accordance with paragraph (b) or (c) of rule 5.2.3(4).[deleted]
- (c) R The financial resources requirement for a firm which is an ISD firm, but which is also a trustee of an authorised unit trust scheme or a depositary of an ICVC, is the higher of an own funds requirement determined in accordance with paragraph (a)(i) of rule 5.2.3(3) and a liquid capital requirement calculated in accordance with paragraph (b) of rule 5.2.3(4).[deleted]

EXCEPTIONS FROM THE LIQUID CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

5.2.3(2) R The financial resources requirement for a firm which is not an ### ISDexempt CAD firm is an own funds requirement determined in

		accordance with paragraph (a) of rule 5.2.3(3) if its <i>permitted but</i> does not include <i>establishing</i> , <i>operating or winding-up a person pension scheme</i> and:	
		(a)	
		OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENT	
5.2.3(3)(a)	R		
(b)	R	The <i>own funds requirement</i> for an <i>ISD firm</i> subject to paragraph rule 5.2.3(1) is an amount determined in accordance with Table 5.2.3(3)(b).[deleted]	(b) of
		Liquid capital requirement	
5.2.3(4)(a)	R	•••	
(b)	R	The <i>liquid capital requirement</i> for an <i>ISD firm</i> subject to paragrams (c) of rule 5.2.3(1) is its <i>total capital requirement</i> calculated in accordance with rule 5.2.3(5), unless paragraph (c) of rule 5.2.3(applies.[deleted]	_
(c)	R	The <i>liquid capital requirement</i> for an <i>ISD firm</i> whose <i>expenditus</i> requirement consists of 6/52 of its annual audited expenditure, determined in accordance with Table 5.2.3(5)(a), is the greater of	
		(i) one quarter of its annual audited expenditure calculated accordance with rule 5.2.4(1); and	in
		(ii) its <i>total capital requirement</i> calculated in accordance with 5.2.3(5).[deleted]	t h rule
5.2.5(1)	R	···	
		(b) in the event of the winding up of the <i>firm</i> , the loan ranks claims of all other creditors and is not to be repaid until a debts outstanding at the time have been settled; and	
		(c)	
		(ii) the loan does not have a minimum or fixed maturit requires 5 years notice of repayment-; and	y but
		(d) the loan is fully paid-up.	

5.2.7		LARGE EXPOSURES
5.2.7(1)	G	[deleted]
		GENERAL REQUIREMENT
5.2.7(2)	R	[deleted]
		LARGE EXPOSURE LIMITS
5.2.7(3)	R	[deleted]
		EXCEPTION TO THE LARGE EXPOSURE LIMITS
5.2.7(4)	R	[deleted]
		TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS
5.2.7(5)		[deleted]
		Table CALCULATION OF OWN FUNDS AND LIQUID 5.2.2(1) CAPITAL (8) Material holdings in credit and financial 5 and 5A institutions and, for exempt CAD firms only, material insurance holdings (12) Other cumulative preference share capital and debt capital but, for exempt CAD firms, only perpetual cumulative preference share capital and qualifying capital instruments
		PART II
		DETAILED REQUIREMENTS
		1 D 1 () N () N () T 11 (2.24) EC

1 Deductions and Ratios
(Items 10, 11 and 15)

(a) Notwithstanding Table 5.2.2(1), Ffor an firm which is an ISD firm exempt CAD firm, in calculating own funds, all of Item 8 must be deducted after the total of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital and the following restrictions applyies:

(i) the total of fixed term cumulative

preference shares (item 10) and

long-term qualifying subordinated loans (item 11) that may be included in Tier 2 capital is limited to 50 per cent of Tier 1 capital; and-(But see sub-paragraph (b)(ii) below.)

- (ii) Tier 2 capital must not exceed 100 per cent of Tier 1 capital.
- (b) [deleted]
- (c) A *firm* which is not an *ISD firm* exempt <u>CAD firm</u> and which is subject to a liquid capital requirement under rule 5.2.3(1)(a) may take into account qualifying subordinated loans in the calculation of liquid capital up to a maximum of 400% of its Tier 1 capital.

...

- 5A Material insurance holdings (Item 8)
- (a) A material insurance holding means the holdings of an exempt CAD firm of items of the type set out in (b) in any:
 - (i) *insurance undertaking*; or
 - (ii) insurance holding company;

that fulfils one of the following conditions:

- (iii) it is a subsidiary undertaking of that firm; or
- (iv) that firm holds a participation in it.
- (b) An item falls into this provision for the purpose of (a) if it is:
 - (i) an ownership share; or
 - (ii) subordinated debt or another item of capital that falls into Article 16(3) of the First Non-Life Directive or, as applicable, Article 27(3) of the Consolidated Life Directive.

6	•••		
<u>6A</u>	Perpetual cumulative preference share capital	Perpetual cumulative preference share capital may not be included in the calculation of <i>own</i> funds by an exempt CAD firm unless it meets the following requirements:	
		<u>(a)</u>	it may not be reimbursed on the holder's initiative or without the prior agreement of the FSA;
		<u>(b)</u>	the instrument must provide for the <i>firm</i> to have the option of deferring the dividend payment on the share capital;
		<u>(c)</u>	the shareholder's claims on the <i>firm</i> must be wholly subordinated to those of all non-subordinated creditors;
		<u>(d)</u>	the terms of the instrument must provide for the loss-absorption capacity of the share capital and unpaid dividends, whilst enabling the <i>firm</i> to continue its business; and
		<u>(e)</u>	it must be fully paid-up.
7	Qualifying arrangements (Item 13)	(a)	An <i>ISD firm</i> exempt <i>CAD firm</i> may only include a <i>qualifying</i> undertaking or other arrangement in item 13 if it is a <i>qualifying capital instrument</i> or a <i>qualifying capital item</i> .
		(b)	A firm which is not an ISD firm exempt CAD firm may only include qualifying undertakings in its calculation of liquid capital if:
8	Net trading book profits (Item 14)		For non-ISD-firms which are not exempt CAD firms the unaudited profits can be included at item 14. For ISD firms the amount which may be included at item 14 must comprise the firm's trading book profits less any foreseeable charges or dividends—and any losses suffered in respect of its other—business, save to the extent that these have been—taken into

7 of Part I.

 $\frac{account\ in\ calculating\ item\ 3\ and/or\ item}{}$

Note

...

Delete Table 5.2.3(3)(b) in its entirety; the text is not shown struck through.

Table 5.2.3(3)(b) OWN FUNDS REQUIREMENT [deleted]

...

Table 5.2.3(5)(b)	POSITION RISK REQUIREMENT
	PART I
F	Determination of disallowed value of <i>units</i>
	The disallowed value of units held in a <i>unit trust manager's UCITS</i> management company's box is the difference between:
	(a)
	(b) the adjusted value of the units, being the value of the units calculated at cancellation prices less the value calculated at cancellation prices of the units multiplied by the following percentages based on the types of <i>investments</i> in the individual <i>unit trust</i> <u>UCITS</u> schemes:

...

5.3.1 RECORDS

5.3.1(1) R ...

(2) enable the *firm* to demonstrate its continuing compliance with its *financial resources requirements* or, in the case of an *exempt CAD firm*, its obligations under *IPRU(INV) 9*; and

...

. . .

5.5.1 FINANCIAL NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR ISD FIRMS

- 5.5.1(1) R An *ISD firm* must notify the *FSA* in writing as soon as it has reason to believe that any of the following has occurred:
 - (a) a counterparty in a repo or reverse repo transaction or a securities lending or borrowing transaction has defaulted; or
 - (b) the *firm* is in breach of the requirement to maintain *own funds* in excess of its *own funds requirement*; or.
 - (c) it is in breach of the large exposures limits set out in rule 5.2.7(3).[deleted]

. . .

APPENDIX 1 - (INTERPRETATION)

GLOSSARY OF TERMS FOR CHAPTER 5 (FORMER IMRO FIRMS)

Amend the following definitions as shown:

investment firm has the meaning given to investment firm in the main Glossary except

that it excludes persons to which the ISD MiFID does not apply as a

result of articles 2.2 or 3 of the ISD MiFID.

Note: An *investment firm* is not necessarily a *firm* for the purposes of

the rules.

own funds requirement

has the meaning given in rule 5.2.3(3)(a) and (b) (Own funds

requirement).

participation [delete the existing definition and replace with the following]

has the meaning given to the term in the Glossary.

trading book in relation to a firm's business or exposures exposures, means:

- (a) ...
- (b) <u>exposures</u> <u>exposures</u> due to unsettled securities transactions, free deliveries, *OTC derivative* instruments, repurchase agreements and securities lending transactions based on securities included in (a)(i) to (iii) above, reverse repurchase agreements and securities borrowing transactions based on securities included in (a)(i) to (iii) above; and
- (c) fees, commission, interest and dividends, and margin on exchange-traded derivatives which are directly related to the items included in (a) and (b) above.

Delete the following definitions from Appendix 1; the text is not shown struck through: accepting deposits Act advice and advising on investments ancillary activity ancillary investment services undertaking appointed representatives approved bank approved person associate authorised corporate director authorised person authorised unit trust scheme body corporate branch certificates representing certain securities chief executive client money close relative collective investment scheme competent authority contractually based investment control controlled function core investment service

custodian



Host State *ICVC* incoming EEA firm initial capital investment agreement investment trust investment trust savings scheme *ISA* ISA manager ISD or Investment Services Directive ISD firm ISD investment services large exposure life policy long-term insurance contract market maker non-core investment service occupational pension scheme operator ordinary business investor own account transaction own funds return own funds transitional provisions packaged product partially exempt exposures pension contract

PEP

permission permitted third party powers of intervention principal RAO or Regulated Activities Order recognised clearing house recognised investment exchange recognised scheme redemption registrar regulated collective investment scheme rule or rules SARs scheme securities small business investor sole trader subsidiary Takeover Code takeover or related operation trustee trustee firm unit trust scheme units UK authorised investment firm $United\ Kingdom\ (UK)$

unregulated collective investment scheme

warrant

Chapter 9: Financial resources requirements for an exempt CAD firm

- 9.1 Application
- 9.1.1 R (1) This chapter applies to an *exempt CAD firm* which is:
 - $(\frac{1}{a})$ an investment management firm; or
 - (2b) a securities and futures firm.
 - (2) This chapter also applies to a *local firm*.
- 9.2 General requirements
- 9.2.1 G For an exempt CAD firm, the rules contained within this chapter replace the rules in respect of financial resources, and financial resources requirements and non-financial resources related requirements contained within Chapter 3, or 5 or 10, as applicable. However, an exempt CAD firm must continue to comply with the requirements of Chapter 3, or 5 or 10, as applicable, for its non-financial resources related requirements and to the extent it is referred to Chapter 3, or 5 and 10 by a rule in this chapter.

...

9.2.3 R An exempt CAD firm that carries on any regulated activity other than MiFID business must also have and maintain at all times financial resources calculated in accordance with the chapter of IPRU(INV) to which the firm is otherwise subject (Chapters 3, or 5 or 10) at least equal to the requirements set out in the relevant chapter.

Initial capital and professional indemnity insurance requirements – exempt CAD firms that are not IMD insurance intermediaries

9.2.4 R (1) An <u>exempt CAD firm</u> which is not an *IMD insurance intermediary* must have:

. . .

...

Initial capital and professional indemnity insurance requirements – exempt CAD firms that are also IMD insurance intermediaries

9.2.5 R (1) A exempt CAD firm that is also an IMD insurance intermediary must comply with the professional indemnity insurance requirements at least equal to the limits set out in 9.2.4R(1)(b)for a firm that is not

and in addition has to have:

. . .

. . .

Comparable guarantee

- 9.2.7 R (a) If another *authorised person* which has net tangible assets of more than £10 million provides a comparable guarantee, an *exempt CAD* firm can treat it as an alternative to effecting or maintaining professional indemnity insurance pursuant to the rules relating to professional indemnity insurance above.
 - (b) If the <u>exempt CAD firm</u> is a member of a group in which there is an authorised person with net tangible assets of more than £10 million, the comparable guarantee must be from that person.
 - (c) A comparable guarantee means a written agreement on terms at least equal to those required by the *initial capital* and professional indemnity insurance requirements above to finance the claims that might arise as a result of the breach by the <u>exempt CAD firm</u> of its duties under the <u>regulatory system</u> or civil law.

Initial capital and ongoing capital requirements for local firms

9.2.8 R A local firm must:

(a) have initial capital of $\in 50,000$; and

[Note: Article 67(2) of MiFID and Article 6 of CAD]

(b) maintain *own funds* calculated in accordance with the *rules* relating to *own funds* in 9.5, at least equal to the requirement for *initial* capital.

Ongoing capital requirements

- 9.2.89 R (1) An exempt CAD firm must, at all times, maintain a combination of professional indemnity insurance and own funds, (own funds to be calculated in accordance with (2)), at least equal to the requirements in this chapter for professional indemnity insurance and initial capital.
 - (2) (a) If the <u>exempt CAD</u> firm is an investment management firm its own funds must be calculated in accordance with the rules in IPRU(INV) 5.2.1(1) to 5.2.7(5).
 - (b) If the <u>exempt CAD</u> firm is a securities and futures firm (subject to either Chapter 3 or Chapter 10) its own funds must be calculated in accordance with the rules relating to own

funds in $\frac{IPRU(INV)}{9.5} = \frac{10.61(1)(B)}{10.61(1)(B)} = \frac{10-176}{10.61(1)(B)} = \frac{10-176}{$

. . .

9.4 Policy terms for professional indemnity insurance

Insurers whose professional indemnity insurance policies can be used <u>by an exempt CAD firm</u>

9.4.1 R An <u>exempt CAD firm</u> that has professional indemnity insurance in accordance with this chapter must take out and maintain professional indemnity insurance that is at least equal to the requirements of the rule below from:

. . .

Terms to be incorporated in the professional indemnity insurance policy

- 9.4.2 R The policy of professional indemnity insurance must incorporate terms which make provision for:
 - (1) cover in respect of claims for which an <u>exempt CAD firm</u> may be liable as a result of the conduct of itself, its <u>employees</u> and its <u>appointed representatives</u> (acting within the scope of their appointment);

• • •

(4) cover in respect of *Ombudsman* awards made against the <u>exempt</u> *CAD firm*.

Policies in other currencies

9.4.3 R If a professional indemnity insurance policy is denominated in any currency other than euros, an <u>exempt CAD firm</u> must take reasonable steps to ensure that the *limits of indemnity* are, when the policy is effected and at <u>renewal</u>, at least equivalent to those required for the purposes of the rules relating to professional indemnity insurance above.

The following text is all new and is not underlined.

After 9.4.4R, insert 9.5 and 9.6 as follows:

- 9.5 Calculation of own funds
- 9.5.1 R A firm's initial capital:

minus the sum of the items set out against **B**

plus the sum of the items set out against $\underline{\mathbf{C}}$

<u>minus</u> material holdings in credit and financial institutions and material insurance holdings

equals own funds.

9.5.2 R Table

This table forms part of rule 9.5.1R

(1)	Investments in own shares at book value	
(2)	Intangible assets	В
(3)	Material current year losses	
(1)	Revaluation reserves	
(2)	Perpetual cumulative preference share capital	
(3)	Long-term subordinated loans	C
(4)	Perpetual long-term subordinated loans	
(5)	Fixed term preference share capital	

Perpetual long-term subordinated loans and perpetual cumulative preference share capital

- 9.5.3 R Perpetual long-term subordinated loans and perpetual cumulative preference *share* capital may not be included in the calculation of *own funds* unless they meet the following requirements:
 - (1) it may not be reimbursed on the holder's initiative or without the prior agreement of the *FSA*;
 - (2) the instrument must provide for the *firm* to have the option of deferring the dividend payment on the share capital;
 - (3) the shareholder's claims on the *firm* must be wholly subordinated to those of all non-subordinated creditors;
 - (4) the terms of the instrument must provide for the loss-absorption capacity of the share capital and unpaid dividends, whilst enabling the *firm* to continue its business; and
 - (5) it must be fully paid-up.

Subordinated loans

- 9.5.4 R A *firm* may include a subordinated loan in the calculation of its *own funds* only:
 - (a) if it is drawn up in accordance with the standard forms obtained from the FSA;
 - (b) if it is signed by authorised signatories of all the parties; and
 - (c) to the extent that it is fully paid up.

Long-term subordinated loans

- 9.5.5 R A long-term subordinated loan may not be included in the calculation of *own* funds unless it meets the following requirements:
 - (1) it must be fully paid-up;
 - (2) it has an original maturity of at least five years;
 - (3) the extent to which it may be used in the calculation of *own funds* shall be amortised on a straight line basis during at least the five years before repayment; and
 - (4) it must not become repayable before the agreed repayment date other than in the winding-up of the *firm* or unless the *firm* has provided the *FSA* with at least five years' written notice.
- 9.5.6 R A *firm* must not (except in accordance with the terms of the loan) make any payment of interest if after such action the *firm's own funds* will fall below 120% of its *own funds requirement*.

Perpetual non-cumulative and cumulative preference share capital

9.5.7 R A *firm* may include perpetual non-cumulative and cumulative preference share capital in its *initial capital* and its *own funds* only if there is an agreement between the *firm* and the shareholders which provides that redemption of the shares may not take place, if after such redemption the *firm* would be in breach of its *own funds requirement*.

Own funds - Restrictions

- 9.5.8 R (1) In calculating own funds:
 - (i) the total amount of revaluation reserves, perpetual cumulative preference *share* capital, long-term subordinated loans, perpetual long-term subordinated loans and fixed term preference *share* capital must not exceed 100% of *initial capital* minus **B**; and
 - (ii) the total amount of fixed term preference *share* capital and long-term subordinated loans must not exceed 50% of *initial*

capital minus **B**.

9.6 Non-financial resource requirements

Reconciliation of balances

- 9.6.1 R (1) A firm must reconcile all balances and positions with:
 - (a) banks and building societies (other than a client bank account subject to the client money rules), exchanges, approved exchanges, clearing houses and intermediate brokers; and
 - (b) *market counterparties* which are members of an *exchange* or *approved exchange*

as recorded by the *firm* to the balance or position on a statement or circularisation obtained by the *firm* from those entities and must correct any differences by agreement on a timely basis, unless:

- (i) the balances and positions due to and from the *market* counterparty have been agreed by other means; or
- (ii) it arises solely as a result of identified differences in timing between the records of the *firm* and the *bank* or *building society*.
- (2) A *firm* must perform reconciliations under (1) above as frequently as is appropriate for the volume of transactions on the accounts and in any event not less than once every five weeks or, in relation to positions with *market counterparties*, not less than once every year.
- (3) A *firm* must circularise or request statements from *banks*, *building* societies, exchanges, approved exchanges, clearing houses, intermediate brokers and market counterparties which are members of an exchange or an approved exchange in good time in order to be able to comply with (1) and (2) above.
- (4) A *firm* must use its best endeavours to respond within one month of receipt to any circularisation from another *firm* requesting confirmation of outstanding balances.
- 9.6.2 G For guidance notes on the reconciliation of a *firm's* balance with *market* counterparties see Appendix 20 to Chapter 3.

Financial notification

9.6.3 R A *firm* must notify the *FSA* in writing as soon as it has reason to believe that it is in breach of its *own funds requirement*.

APPENDIX 9(1) (INTERPRETATION)

Amend the following definition as shown:

own funds means the own funds of a firm calculated in accordance with rule

9.2.89R(2) and 9.2.8R(b).

verified ...

(f) follow up problem areas of which he is already aware in the course of auditing the *firm's* financial statements.

and a copy of whose report asserting that the interim net profits are reasonably stated has been submitted to the *FSA*.

Insert the following definitions in the appropriate alphabetical position in Appendix 9(1); the text is all new and is not underlined:

approved exchange means an investment exchange listed as such in Appendix 33 to

IPRU(INV) 3.

exchange means a recognised investment exchange or designated investment

exchange.

intangible assets the full balance sheet value of a firm's intangible assets including

goodwill, capitalised development costs, licences, trademark and

similar rights etc.

intermediate broker in relation to a margined transaction, means any person through

whom the firm undertakes that transaction.

material current year

losses

means losses of an amount equal to 10% or more of *initial capital* minus B (with B calculated in accordance with Table 9.5.2R).

material holding means a firm's holdings of shares and any other interest in the capital of a credit institution or financial institution:

- (a) which exceeds 10% of the capital of the issuer, and, where this is the case, any holdings of subordinated debt of the same issuer, the full amount is a *material holding*; or
- (b) holdings not deducted under (a) if the total amount of such holdings exceeds 10% of that *firm's own funds*, in which case only the excess amount is a *material holding*.

material insurance holdings

- (a) means the holdings of an *exempt CAD firm* of items of the type set out in (b) in any:
 - (i) insurance undertaking; or
 - (ii) insurance holding company

that fulfils one of the following conditions:

- (iii) it is a subsidiary undertaking of that firm; or
- (iv) that *firm* holds a participation in it.
- (b) An item falls into this provision for the purpose of (a) if it is:
 - (i) an ownership share; or
 - (ii) subordinated debt or another item of capital that falls into Article 16(3) of the *First Non-Life* Directive or, as applicable, Article 27(3) of the *Consolidated Life Directive*.

own funds requirement

means the requirement set out in 9.2.9R(1) and 9.2.8R(b).

Delete Chapter 10 in its entirety; the text is not shown struck through:

Chapter 10: Financial resources for Securities and Futures Firms which are Investment Firms [deleted]

. . .

Chapter 13: Financial Resource Requirements for Personal Investment Firms

. . .

Table 13.1(1)

This table forms part of 13.1.9

	NOTIFIABLE EVENTS					
1.						
2.						
3.	Exer	npt CAD firms				
	(a)	[deleted]				
	(b)	[deleted]				
	(c)	[deleted]				
	(d)	[deleted]				
	(e)	[deleted]				
l						

		(f)	[deleted]
13.1A.3	R		
		(2)	If a <i>firm</i> chooses to comply with either (b) or (c) above, it must nevertheless have <i>initial capital</i> of at least £510,000.
13.1A.4	R	•••	
		(2)	If a <i>firm</i> chooses to comply with either (b) or (c) above, it must

...

Ongoing capital requirements

13.1A.6 R A firm must, at all times, maintain a combination of professional indemnity insurance and own funds, (own funds to be calculated in accordance with 13.3.2R), at least equal to the requirements in this chapter for professional indemnity insurance and initial capital.

nevertheless have *initial capital* of at least £510,000.

Initial capital

13.1A.7 R A *firm's initial capital* consists of the sum of the following items: $\underline{6}$

...

Perpetual non-cumulative preference share capital

13.1A.8 R A *firm* may include *preference share* capital in *initial capital* only where any *coupon* on it is not cumulative, and the *firm* is under no obligation to pay a *coupon* in any circumstances.

Audited retained earnings

13.1A.9 R When calculating *initial capital*, a *firm* may include its audited retained earnings only after making the following adjustments:

...

Externally verified interim net profits or current account

- 13.1A. R A *firm* may include interim net profits or current account when calculating initial capital to the extent that they have been *verified* by the *firm*'s external auditor and are net of any foreseeable tax, dividend and other appropriations.
- 13.1A.1 R When calculating *initial capital*, a *firm* may include its partners' capital only

4<u>10</u> after making the following adjustments:

. . .

Defined benefit pension scheme: defined benefit liability

- 13.1A. R For the calculation of *initial capital*, a *firm* may substitute for a *defined*112 benefit liability the *firm's deficit reduction amount*. The election must be applied consistently in respect of any one financial year.
- 13.1A. G A *firm* should keep a record of and be ready to explain to its supervisory contacts in the *FSA* the reasons for any difference between the *deficit reduction amount* and any commitment the *firm* has made in any public document to provide funding in respect of a *defined benefit occupational pension scheme*.

The following text is all new and is not underlined.

After 13.1A.12G, insert 13.1A.13R to 13.1A.17R as follows:

Ongoing capital requirements

- 13.1A.13 R A *firm* must, at all times, maintain a combination of professional indemnity insurance and *own funds*, at least equal to the requirements in this chapter for professional indemnity insurance and *initial capital*.
- 13.1A.14 R A firm's initial capital:

minus the sum of the items set out against \mathbf{B}

plus the sum of the items set out against **C**

<u>minus</u> material holdings in credit and financial institutions and material insurance holdings

equals own funds.

13.1A.15 R Table 13.1A.15R

This table forms part of *rule* 13.1A.14

(1)	Investments in own shares at book value	
(2)	Intangible assets	
(3)	Material current year losses	В
(4)	Excess of current year drawings over current year profits	
(1)	Revaluation reserves	

(2)	Perpetual cumulative preference <i>share</i> capital and <i>debt</i> capital	C
(3)	Long-term subordinated loans (in accordance with <i>IPRU</i> (<i>INV</i>) 13.5.5AR)	
(4)	Fixed term preference <i>share</i> capital (if not redeemable by shareholders within 5 years)	

Perpetual cumulative preference share capital

- 13.1A.16 R Perpetual cumulative preference *share* capital may not be included in the calculation of *own funds* unless it meets the following requirements:
 - (1) it may not be reimbursed on the holder's initiative or without the prior agreement of the *FSA*;
 - (2) the instrument must provide for the *firm* to have the option of deferring the dividend payment on the share capital;
 - (3) the shareholder's claims on the *firm* must be wholly subordinated to those of all non-subordinated creditors;
 - (4) the terms of the instrument must provided for the loss-absorption capacity of the share capital and unpaid dividends, whilst enabling the *firm* to continue its business; and
 - (5) it must be fully paid-up.

Own funds – Restrictions

- 13.1A.17 R (1) In calculating own funds:
 - (i) the total amount of revaluation reserves, perpetual cumulative preference *share* capital, long-term subordinated loans and fixed term preference *share* capital must not exceed 100% of *initial capital* minus the sum of the items set out against B; and
 - (ii) the total amount of fixed term preference *share* capital and long-term subordinated loans must not exceed 50% of *initial* capital minus the sum of the items set out against B.

...

- 13.2 Financial Resources Tests
- 13.2.1 R An exempt CAD firm must meet:
 - (1) Financial Resources Test 1 (the Own funds Test) calculated

in accordance with section 13.3;[deleted]

...

...

13.2.2 G [deleted]

. . .

Delete Table 13.A and replace with the new table below; the text is not underlined:

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES FOR EXEMPT CAD FIRMS				
Type of firm	Financial Resources Test 1A Adjusted net current assets Test	Financial Resources Test 2 Expenditure-based Test	Rules/section references	
Exempt CAD firm	Adjusted net current assets of £1	Financial resources equal to the highest of 4/52 of Relevant Annual Expenditure or 13/52 of Relevant Annual Expenditure without special adjustments or £400 per adviser	13.1A.14 13.4 13.5.1D and 13.5.2 to 13.5.4	
Exempt CAD firm which is a network	Adjusted net current assets of £1	Financial resources equal to the higher of 13/52 of Relevant Annual Expenditure or £400 per adviser	13.1A.14 13.4 13.5.1B and 13.5.2 to 13.5.4	

13.3 Financial Resources Test 1 – Own Funds Requirement 13.3.1 R [deleted] 13.3.1A G [deleted] Calculation of own funds 13.3.2 R [deleted] 13.3.2A R [deleted] 13.3.2B G [deleted] Delete Table 13.3.2(2) in its entirety; the text is not shown struck through. Table 13.3.2(2)[deleted] . . . 13.5 Financial Resources Test 2 – Expenditure-based Requirement Requirement 13.5.1 R [deleted] 13.5.1A R [deleted] 13.5.1B A Category A2 firm which is permitted to carry on the activity of managing R investments or to delegate such activity to an investment firm, or a Network in Category A2 or A3, An exempt CAD firm which is a network must have financial resources calculated in accordance with whichever of (1), or (2) produces the higher amount: (1) ... (2) ... 13.5.1C R [deleted] 13.5.1D R [deleted] (1) (2) An Category A3 exempt CAD firm which is not permitted to carry on the activity of managing investments or to delegate such activity to an investment firm must have financial resources calculated in

. . .

amount.

accordance with whichever of (3), (4) or (5) produces the highest

...

CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO MEET TESTS 1, 1A OR 2

- 13.5.4 R An *exempt CAD firm* must be able to calculate its financial resources at any time on the basis of the balance sheet it could draw up at that time. For this purpose:
 - (1) a Category A1 firm must adjust the assets in the balance sheet as specified in table 13.5.4(1)) and include the liabilities after making the adjustments specified in table 13.5.4(1).[deleted]
 - (2) an <u>Category A2 or A3 exempt CAD firm</u>, must adjust the assets in the balance sheet as specified in table 13.5.4(2) and include the liabilities after making the adjustments specified in table 13.5.4(2).

...

13.5.4A R An exempt CAD firm must be able to identify separately any trading book items as indicated in rule 13.8 and any special adjustments. [deleted].

Delete Table 13.5.4(1) Part I in its entirety; the text is not shown struck through.

Table 13.5.4(1) Part I [deleted]

Delete Table 13.5.4(1) Part II in its entirety; the text is not shown struck through.

Table 13.5.4(1) Part II [deleted]

Table 13.5.4(2) Part I

This table forms part of rule 13.5.4

FIRMS IN CATEGORY A2 AND A3EXEMPT CAD FIRM				
ASSETS CALCULATION TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT				

Table 13.5.4(2) Part II

This table forms part of *rule* 13.5.4

FIRMS IN CATEGORY A2 AND A3EXEMPT CAD FIRM				
LIABILITY	CALCULATION	TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT		

SUBORDINATED LOANS

13.5.5 R A *exempt CAD firm* may treat a subordinated loan as a financial resource, as specified in table 13.3.2(1) 13.1A.15R, and subject to *rule* 13.5.5C, if the long term or short term subordinated loan is eligible for such treatment in accordance with *rule* 13.5.5A or B as applicable.

..

13.5.5B R [deleted]

13.5.5C R The total amount of long term or short term subordinated loans that a *exempt CAD firm* may include in the calculation of its financial resources is restricted as stipulated in table 13.3.2(2) 13.1A.17R and in *SUP* 16.

Delete the text and tables in 13.6 entirely; the text is not shown struck through.

13.6 Large exposures [deleted]

Delete the text and table in 13.8 entirely; the text is not shown struck through.

13.8 Trading Book [deleted]

. . .

APPENDIX 13(1): Defined terms for Chapter 13

Amend the following definitions as shown:

collateral [delete the existing definition and replace with the following]

has the meaning given to the term in the Glossary.

initial margin [delete the existing definition and replace with the following]

has the meaning given in paragraph (2) of the definition of the term

in the *Glossary*.

material holding [delete the existing definition and replace with the following]

means a *firm's* holdings of *shares* and any other interest in the capital of a *credit institution* or *financial institution*:

(a) which exceeds 10% of the capital of the issuer, and, where this is the case, any holdings of subordinated debt of the same issuer, the full amount is a *material holding*; or

(b) holdings not deducted under (a) if the total amount of such holdings exceeds 10% of that firm's own funds, in which case only the excess amount is a material holding.

verified

follow up problem areas of which he is already aware in the course of auditing the *firm's* financial statements,

a copy of whose report asserting that the interim net profits are reasonably stated has been submitted to the *FSA* (although this does not apply to *exempt CAD firms*);

Insert the following definitions in the appropriate alphabetical position in Appendix 13(1); the text is all new and is not underlined:

material insurance holdings

- (a) means the holdings of an *exempt CAD firm* of items of the type set out in (b) in any:
 - (i) insurance undertaking; or
 - (ii) insurance holding company;

that fulfils one of the following conditions:

- (iii) it is a subsidiary undertaking of that firm; or
- (iv) that firm holds a participation in it.
- (b) An item falls into this provision for the purpose of (a) if it is:
 - (i) an ownership share; or
 - (ii) subordinated debt or another item of capital that falls into Article 16(3) of the *First Non-Life* Directive or, as applicable, Article 27(3) of the *Consolidated Life Directive*.

own funds

means the own funds of a *firm* calculated in accordance with 13.1A.14R.

Delete the following definitions from Appendix 13(1); the text is not shown struck through: accepting deposit

Act

advice or advising on investments

affiliated company

ancillary activity appointed representative appropriate personal pension approved bank approved collateral approved depository approved person arranging (bringing about) deals in investments associate **AUT** authorised corporate director authorised fund authorised person authorised unit trust scheme bearer form bid price body corporate bonded investment branch broker fund broker fund adviser building society business day buying Category A1 firm Category A2 firm

Category A3 firm



debenture
deposit
depository
derivative
designated investment
designated investment business
designated investment exchange
EEA right
EEA State
European Economic Area
evidential provision
exempt person
exemption order
exposure
exposure fee
-
fee
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive forward price
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive forward price friendly society
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive forward price friendly society FSA
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive forward price friendly society FSA future
fee Financial Ombudsman Service Limited firm First Life Directive forward price friendly society FSA future geared futures and options fund

habitual residence

higher volatility fund holding company incoming EEA firm incoming Treaty firm incorporated friendly society industrial assurance policy insurance business **Insurance Directives** insurance undertaking insurer intermediate broker introducer investment investment company with variable capital investment firm investment manager investment services **Investment Services Directive** investment trust investment trust savings scheme IPRU(INV) ISD investment firm lead regulated firm life policy long-term insurance contract making arrangements with a view to transactions in investments managing investments

market maker market value marketable instrument money-market instrument nominee company occupational pension scheme **OEIC** offer price Ombudsman on-exchange open market position open-ended investment company option OTC over the counter overseas firm overseas introducing broker overseas person overseas regulator own account order own account transaction packaged product parent undertaking penny share pension annuity pension buy-out contract

pension contract

pension opt-out pension policy pension scheme pension transfer PEP PEP manager PEP transfer permitted activity permitted third party person personal equity plan personal pension contract personal pension policy personal pension scheme PIA plan manager premium previous regulator principal product provider professional firm property enterprise trust pure protection contract qualifying investment recognised clearing house

recognised investment exchange

Regulated Activities Order

regulated activity regulated collective investment scheme regulated market related designated investment retirement fund rule safe custody investments scheme holding scheme particulars security sell series of transactions service company share small self-administered scheme sole trader specified investment subsidiary surrender value traded life policy unauthorised person undertaking unit unit trust scheme unregulated collective investment scheme warrant

whole life assurance

14.1 Application 14.1.1 Subject to rule 14.1.2, consolidated supervision and this chapter apply to a R firm which is a member of a group if: (1) it is: a securities and futures firm, subject to the financial rules in (a) Chapter 3, which is a broad scope firm but not a venture capital firm; and (b) a securities and futures firm, subject to the financial rules in Chapter 10, unless the firm is an exempt CAD firm; or [deleted] (c) a category A personal investment firm, subject to the financial rules in Chapter 13; and [deleted] it is not a BIPRU firm. . . . 14.4 Group financial resources 14.4.3 R Financial resources will be defined based upon the main *firm* in the group to which this chapter applies as follows: (4) if an ISD securities and futures firm, Table 10-62(2)AR, but excluding any adjustment in (E) of that Table; [deleted] (5) if a personal investment firm, Table 13.3.2(1)R.[deleted] . . . 14.5 Group financial resources requirement . . . 14.5.1 R (1) requirements in respect of intra-group balances with other (a) entities within the scope of consolidation should be excluded; and

CONSOLIDATED SUPERVISION FOR INVESTMENT BUSINESSES

Chapter 14:

- (b) *large exposures requirements* of individual group entities should be excluded; [deleted]
- (2) the sum of any adjustments that are made to each *firm*'s financial resources, calculated on a solo basis in accordance with rule 14.4.3, in order to arrive at the amount of financial resources used to meet its solo financial resources requirement. These adjustments must exclude deductions in respect of the investment in and other relationships with other entities that are included within the scope of consolidation.; and:
- (3) if the main *firm* in the group is a *securities and futures firm* under rule 14.1.1(4), a group *large exposures requirement*. [deleted]

. . .

14.5.3 G (1) ...

• • •

- (3) In 14.5.1(2), the adjustments referred to, are for *investment* management firms, the illiquid assets and qualifying property adjustments, and for securities and futures firms, the adjustments referred to in item (E) of Table 10-62(2)A. For personal investment firms, the adjustment required by 14.5.1(1) and (2) combined is the higher of:
 - (a) the own funds requirement in 13.3.1R or 13.10.1R and;
 - (b) the sum of the relevant expenditure based requirement and illiquid assets, position risk, and counterparty risk adjustments required by Chapter 3 of IPRU(INV).[deleted]

Appendix 14(1) (Interpretation)

Amend the following definition as shown:

investment firm investment firm as in the main Glossary except that it excludes

persons to which the ISD MiFID does not apply as a result of articles

2.2 or 3 of the ISD MiFID.

non-trading book as in the Glossary in IPRU(INV) chapter 10. in relation to a firm's

business or exposures, means any position, counterparty exposure or balance sheet item not falling within the definition of *trading book*.

trading book as in the Glossary in IPRU(INV) chapter 40 5.

Delete the following definitions from Appendix 14(1); the text is not shown struck through:

asset management company

Category A personal investment firm

Category D firm

group of connected third parties

large exposure

large exposures requirement

securities and futures firm

venture capital firm

Annex D [Required Forms]

These forms are the required forms referred to in IPRU(INV) and are listed below (a short contents list appears at the beginning of each section of the annex):

IPRU(INV) Chapter)	FORM
2	<u>Authorise</u>	<u>d</u> Pprofessional firms
3	Securities and Futures Firms which are not <u>MiFID</u> Investment Firms <u>or which are Exempt BIPRU Commodities Firms</u>) (former SFA Non-ISD Firms)	
	•••	
10 9	Securities and Futures Firms which are Investment Firms (former SFA ISD Firms) Exempt CAD Firms	
	10 9.1	
	10.2	Short-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement [deleted]
	10 9.3	
	10 9.4	
	10 9.5	
	10.6	Long-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes of Consolidated Supervision [deleted]
	10.7	Short Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes of Consolidated Supervision [deleted]

	10 9.8	
Annex D, C	Chapter 2	
2	<u>Authorised Pprofessional Ffirms</u>	
•••		
FORM OF	BOND FOR <u>AUTHORISED</u> PROFESSIONAL FIRMS	
•••		
(8)	•••	
	b. That the Principal is a <u>n authorised Pp</u> rofessional <u>Ff</u> irm which has Permission	
(9)		
	"the Principal" means the <u>authorised Pprofessional Ffirm</u> named herein and includes each of the partners thereof where applicable;	
	•••	
Annex D, C	Chapter 3	
3	Securities and Futures Firms which are not MiFID Investment Firms <u>or which are Exempt BIPRU Commodities Firms</u> (former SFA Non-ISD Firms)	
	•••	
3.5	Guidance Notes on Completion of Agreements	
A	GENERAL	
	Introduction	
2.	All communications with the FSA regarding the proposed Agreement should in the first instance be via the firm's inspector usual contact.	

ISD/Non-ISD

3. Firms are advised to ensure that the appropriate form of ISD (Chap. 10)/non-ISD (Chap.3) subordinated loan agreement is used (Chap 9/Chap 3). This is, of course, dependent on the firm's authorisation categorisation. Should the firm's categorisation change be changing from ISD to non-ISD (or vice versa), this should be discussed with the firm's inspector usual contact as it is likely that any subordinated loan agreement in place will have to be revised. . . . Under rule IPRU(INV) 3-63(5) (which is only relevant in relation to non-ISD 16. firms), an amount repayable within three months of the effective date of the loan or advance is only acceptable as an eligible capital substitute in the absence of a waiver.... 17. Paragraph 9: Examples of suggested wordings for either a fixed repayment date or repayment on notice for a non-ISD form in relation to IPRU(INV) 3 are as follows: Annex D, Chapter 109 109 Securities and Futures Firms which are Investment Firms (former SFA ISD Firms) Exempt CAD Firms Page Form 109.1 10.2 17 Short-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement [deleted] 109.3 109.4 109.5 . . . 10.6 Long-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes 38 of Consolidated Supervision [deleted] 10.7 Short-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes 53 of Consolidated Supervision [deleted] 109.8 109.1 Approved Form of Long-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement

A. Front Page

WHEREAS the Borrower wishes to use the Loan, or each Advance under the Facility (as those expressions are defined in the Standard Terms) in accordance with FSA rule IPRU(INV) 10-639.5 and has fully disclosed to the FSA the circumstances giving rise to the Loan or Facility and the effective Subordination of the Loan and each Advance.

...

Schedule 2

C. Standard Terms

...

"Financial Rules" means the rules in IPRU(INV) 109 in the FSA handbook;

. . .

- 10.2 Approved Form of Short-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement [deleted]
- 109.3 FORM OF DEED OF TERMINATION

. . .

109.4 FORM OF DEED OF VARIATION

. . .

109.5 FORM OF GUARANTOR UNDERTAKING

. .

- 10.6 Approved Form of Long-Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes of Consolidated Supervision[deleted]
- 10.7 Approved Form of Short Term Subordinated Loan Agreement for the purposes of Consolidated Supervision[deleted]
- 109.8 Guidance Notes on Completion of Agreements

. . .

ISD/Non-ISD

3. Firms are advised to ensure that the appropriate form of ISD (Chap.10)/non ISD (Chap.3) subordinated loan agreement is used (Chap 9/Chap 3). This is, of course, dependent on the firm's authorisation categorisation. Should the firm's categorisation change be changing from ISD to non-ISD (or vice versa), this should be discussed with the firm's inspector usual contact as it is likely that any subordinated loan agreement in place will have to be revised. Subordinated loan agreements for ISD firms are further classified as either short term or long term this turns on whether the loan is to have an original maturity period of at least 2 or 5 years.

. . .

Financial Rules IPRU(INV) 10-63

6. Firms are referred to rule IPRU(INV) 10-639.5 on the use of subordinated loans, including restrictions on approved lenders, repayment provisions and gearing limits.

...

ISD: Long-term form

- 16. Firms are advised that for an ISD a long-term form the repayment date must be a specified date not less than 5 years from one or more of:
 - the date of drawdown;
 - the borrower giving notice in writing to the lender and the FSA; or
 - the lender giving notice in writing to the borrower and the FSA.

. . .

ISD: Short term form

- 18. For short term agreements the applicable repayment period is at least two years, rather than five years as required for a long-term form, but otherwise the requirements are as above.[deleted]
- 19. Paragraph 9: Examples of suggested wordings for either a fixed repayment date or repayment on notice for a short term form are as follows:
 - (a) "The Borrower shall repay [the Loan/each Advance made to it] on the [date which falls two years after the date] [second anniversary] of drawdown of the [Loan/relevant Advance]."
 - (b) "The Borrower shall repay [the Loan/each Advance made to it] two years after the date on which:
 - (a) the Borrower gives written notice to the Lender and to the FSA;
 - (b) the Lender gives written notice to the Borrower and to the FSA."

Note: either (a) or (b) above by itself is sufficient.

(c) "[The Loan / Each Advance made to the Borrower] shall be repayable on the date specified by notice in writing given by the Lender to the Borrower and to the FSA or notice in writing given by the Borrower to the Lender and to the FSA, in either case that date being not less than two years after the date on which the notice is given."[deleted]

. . .

Annex C

Amendments to the Supervision manual (SUP)

In this Annex, underlining indicates new text and striking through indicates deleted text.

...

3.1.2 R Applicable sections (see SUP 3.1.1 R)

(1) Ca	itegory of firm	(2) Sections applicable to the firm	(3) Sections applicable to its auditor
(1)	Authorised professional firm which is required by IPRU(INV) 2.1.2R to comply with chapters 3, 5, 10 9 or 13 of IPRU(INV) and which has an auditor appointed under or as a result of a statutory provision other than in the Act (Note 1)		
•••			
(7)	Investment management firm, personal investment firm (other than a small personal investment firm or exempt CAD firm), or securities and futures firm (other than an exempt CAD firm)		
(7A)	Investment management firm, personal investment firm (other than a small personal investment firm or exempt CAD firm), or securities and futures firm (other than an exempt CAD firm) not within (7)		
(7C)	BIPRU investment firm or exempt CAD firm		

. . .

3.9.5 R Table Auditor's report

(10)	•••	
	(b)	a category A personal investment firm (see SUP 3.9.6 R): IPRU(INV) 13.2R and IPRU(INV) 13.5R; [deleted]
	(c)	
	(d)	a securities and futures firm which is not an ISD MiFID investment firm: IPRU(INV)3-70R, IPRU(INV)3-71R and IPRU(INV)3-73R;
	(e)	a securities and futures firm which is an ISD investment firm: IPRU(INV)10-71R, IPRU(INV)10-72R and IPRU(INV)10-73R;[deleted]
•••		
(13)		
	(c)	a securities and futures firm which is not an ISD MiFID investment firm: IPRU(INV)3-10R;
	(d)	a securities and futures firm which is an ISD investment firm IPRU(INV)10-10R; (except IPRU(INV)10-10R(3)(m)-(n))[deleted]
•••	•••	

...

3.9.6 R In SUP 3.9.5 R(10)(b) and (c), a "Category A personal investment firm" is a personal investment firm which is an ISD investment firm and a "Category B personal investment firm" is a personal investment firm other than an exempt CAD firm category A personal investment firm.

. . .

9.3.2 G ...

(5) ...

(c) for a *securities and futures firm* (or other *firm* required to comply with *IPRU(INV)* 3 or *IPRU(INV)* 10): *IPRU(INV)* 10-74R 3-79R and *IPRU(INV)* App 48; and

...

. . .

SUP Appendix 1

App 1.3 Prudential categories and sub-categories

App G Prudential categories and sub-categories used in the Prudential sourcebooks and the Supervision manual

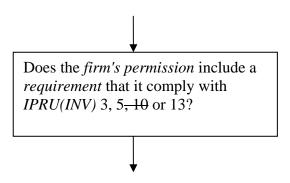
Prudential categories (Note 1)	Applicable prudential requirements (Note 2)	Prudential sub- categories
Investment management firm*	IPRU(INV) 1 and 5	Exempt CAD firm (see also IPRU(INV) 9)
		OPS firm
Personal investment firm*		Category A firm Category A1 firm Category A2 firm Category A3 firm Category B3 firm Exempt CAD firm
Securities and futures firm*	IPRU(INV) 1 and either 3 or 10 9	<i>IPRU(INV)</i> 3:
		Energy market participant
		<i>IPRU(INV)</i> 109:
		Exempt CAD firm
		Category A Category B
		Category C Category D Category D corporate finance advisory firm

. . .

App 1.7 Prudential categories and sub-categories

Fig App G Figure 1: Determination of a firm's prudential category - general 1.7

. . .



...

App 1.8 Notes to Figures 1 and 2

App G Table Note 1 1.8.1

Chapter of IPRU(INV) that requirement on permission requires the firm to comply with	Firm's prudential category
Chapter 10	Securities and futures firm